

Please cancel all the existing claims in Serial No. 10/086,902 and enter the following claims 62 through 81

62. (New) A liquid chemical change reagent for use with solid fuels, such as coal or wood, prior to combustion thereof, to reduce NOX and to facilitate complete combustion consisting of:

a hydrocarbon wax which includes a fatty acid, water and a base to neutralize the fatty acid, said neutralized fatty acid is a primary emulsifying agent and forms an oil and water emulsion,

whereby NOX are reduced and complete combustion is facilitated.

- 63. (New) A change reagent as in claim 62 wherein said fatty acid is stearic acid.
- 64. (New) A change reagent as in claim 62 wherein said hydrocarbon wax is selected from the group consisting of paraffin wax, slack wax, microcrystalline wax, olefinic wax materials and mixtures thereof.
- 65. (New) A change reagent as in claim 62 wherein said hydrocarbon wax is paraffin wax with paraffin oil.
- 66. (New) A change reagent as in claim 62 and wherein the base is ammonia or ammonia hydroxide which reacts with the fatty acid.

- 67. (New) A change reagent as in claim 62 wherein the percentage of fatty acid is 2% by weight.
- 68. (New) A change reagent as in claim 64 wherein said reagent is consists of 46% by weight of said paraffin wax.
- 69. (New) A liquid chemical change reagent for use with solid fuels, such as coal or wood, prior to combustion thereof, to reduce NOX and to facilitate complete combustion consisting of:

a hydrocarbon wax which includes a fatty acid, water and a base to neutralize the fatty acid, said neutralized fatty acid is a primary emulsifying agent and forms an oil and water emulsion, and titanium dioxide,

whereby NOX are reduced and complete combustion facilitated.

- 70. (New) A change reagent as in claim 69 wherein said titanium dioxide is 4.5% by weight.
- 71. (New) A chemical change reagent for use as a combustible fuel additive to enhance complete combustion and/or reduce NOX and to facilitate complete combustion consisting of the following:

Slack wax 46.3% Other wax 2.0% Ammonia 0.2%

- 72. (New) A change reagent as in claim 71 wherein said other wax is stearic acid.
- 73. (New) A change reagent as in claim 71 wherein said slack wax is paraffin wax.
- 74. (New) The method of reducing NOX and facilitating complete combustion of solid fuels such as coal and wood, said method comprising

applying a chemical change agent to said solid fuels prior to combustion, said chemical change agent consisting of a hydrocarbon wax, stearic acid and other fatty acids, a base for ph adjustment which reacts with said fatty acid, and water,

burning said solid fuels.

- 75. (New) The method of claim 74 wherein said base is ammonia.
- 76. (New) The method of reducing NOX and facilitating complete combustion of solid fuels such as coal and wood, said method comprising

applying a chemical change agent to said solid fuels prior
to combustion, said chemical change agent consisting of a
hydrocarbon wax, stearic acid and other fatty acids, a base for ph
adjustment which reacts with said fatty acid, and water and titanium
dioxide,

burning said solid fuels.

- 77. (New) The method of claim 76 wherein said base is potassium hydroxide.
- 78. (New) The method of claim 76 wherein said base is sodium hydroxide.
- 79. (New) The method of claim 74 wherein said wax is present from 0.5% to 70% by weight.
- 80. (New) A chemical change reagent for application to coal for enhancing the combustion thereof and/or reducing NOX and facilitating complete combustion consisting of the following composition by weight.

0.5% to 70% of paraffin wax and stearic acid or other fatty acid.
0.2% of a base for ph adjustment, said base reacting with said fatty acid,
30% to 99% water.

- 81. (New) A chemical change reagent for application to coal for enhancing the combustion thereof and/or reducing NOX and facilitating complete combustion consisting of the following composition by weight;
 - 0.55% to 70% of paraffin wax and stearic acid or other fatty acid,
 - 0.2% of a base for ph adjustment, said base reacting with said fatty acid,
 - 0.1% to 45% titanium dioxide,

30% to 99% water.